



# Wavelength Meter Overview



Technical Data		Unit	WS5	WS6-600	WS6-200	WS7-60	WS8-30	WS8-10	WS8-2
Measurement range	Standard (330 – 1180 nm)		■	■	■	■	■	■	■
	UV-I (248 – 1180 nm)		■	■	■	■	■	■	□
	UV-II (192 – 800 nm)		■	■	■	■	□	□	□
	VIS / IR (330 – 1750 nm) <sup>17)</sup>		■	■	■	□	□	□	□
	VIS / IR-II (500 – 2250 nm) <sup>17)</sup>		■	■	■	□	□	□	□
	IR-I (630 – 1750 nm)		■	■	■	■	■	■	□
	IR-II (1000 – 2250 nm)		■	■	■	■	■	□	□
	IR-III (1400 – 11000 nm)		■	□	■	□	□	□	□
Absolute accuracy <sup>1)</sup>	192 – 330 nm <sup>2)</sup>	pm	3	0.6	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.1	–
	330 – 420 nm	pm	2	0.3	0.2	0.04	0.02	0.01	0.01
	420 – 1100 nm		3000	600	200	60	30	10 <sup>3)</sup>	2 <sup>4)</sup>
	1100 – 2250 nm	MHz	2000	400	150	40	20	10 <sup>3)</sup>	–
	1400 – 11000 nm		3000	–	200	–	–	–	–
Quick coupling accuracy (with multi mode fiber)	MHz	3000	600	600 <sup>5)</sup>	150	100	100	100	
Wavelength deviation sensitivity/Measurement resolution <sup>6)</sup>	MHz	500	20	4	2	1	0.4	0.2 <sup>19)</sup>	
Linewidth option Accuracy <sup>7)</sup>	MHz	2000	500	400	200	100	100	100	
Measurement speed <sup>8)</sup>	Hz	950 (IR: 1800, IR-III: 100)	950 (IR: 1800)	500 (IR: 1800, IR-III: 100)	500	500	500	500	
Required input energy and power <sup>9)</sup>	Standard		0.02 – 15	0.02 – 15	0.02 – 15	0.02 – 15	0.02 – 15	0.08 – 60	0.08 – 60
	UV-I	μJ	0.02 – 10	0.02 – 10	0.02 – 10	0.02 – 10	0.02 – 10	–	–
	UV-II	(or μW)	0.02 – 200	0.02 – 200	0.02 – 200	0.04 – 400	–	–	–
	IR-I		2 – 200	2 – 200	2 – 200	2 – 200	2 – 200	8 – 800	–
	IR-II <sup>10)</sup>		2 – 80	2 – 80	2 – 80	2 – 80	–	–	–
	IR-III	mW	1	–	1	–	–	–	–
FSR of the Fizeau interferometers (Fine/wide mode) <sup>11)</sup>	GHz	100	16/100 <sup>12)</sup>	16/100 <sup>13)</sup>	8/32	4/32	2/20	2/20	
Calibration <sup>18)</sup>		Built-in calibration <sup>14)</sup>				Built-in calibration <sup>15)</sup>	Stabilized HeNe laser or any other well known laser source Δv < 5 MHz	SLR-780 or any other well known laser source Δv < 2 MHz	12 stabilized HeNe or any well known laser source Δv < 1 MHz
Recommended calibration period		≤ 1 month				≤ 14 days	≤ 10 hours	≤ 1 hour	≤ 2 minutes
Warm-up time		No warm-up time under constant ambient conditions <sup>16)</sup>						> 30 minutes	
Dimensions L × W × H	mm	360 × 120 × 120	360 × 120 × 120	360 × 200 × 120	360 × 200 × 120	360 × 200 × 120	360 × 200 × 120	360 × 200 × 120	360 × 200 × 120
Weight	kg	2.8	2.8	5.5 <sup>18)</sup>	5.9	6.1	6.4	6.4	
Interface		High-speed USB 2.0 connection							
Power supply		Power consumption < 2.3 W, power provided directly via USB cable IR-II, IR-III: external power supply included; IR-I, WS7 and WS8 external power supply only							

- 1) According to 3σ criterion, but never better than 20 % of the laser linewidth
- 2) With multimode fiber
- 3) ± 200 nm around calibration wavelength (Outside of this range, the accuracy is 30 MHz)
- 4) ± 2 nm around calibration wavelength (Outside of this range, the accuracy is 10 MHz, note 3 also applies)
- 5) 200 MHz for WS6-200 IR-III
- 6) Standard deviation. WS6-200 and higher models require singlemode or PC fibers to reach this resolution.
- 7) Not better than 5 % of the linewidth.
- 8) Depending on PC hardware and settings. Highspeed models up to 50 kHz available
- 9) The CW power interpretation in [μW] compares to an exposure of 1s (generally the energy needs to be divided by the exposure time to obtain the required power)
- 10) μJ interpretation for pulsed lasers. CW signals need more power in [μW] since the exposure is limited at IR-II devices
- 11) Each device in each mode can measure lasers with a linewidth up to 30 % of the correspondig FSR
- 12) For IR devices: 32/32
- 13) For IR-I and IR-II devices: 16/16, for IR-III devices: 8/80
- 14) IR-III: external calibration source needed, e.g. SLR-1532
- 15) IR-devices: external calibration source needed, e.g. SLR-1532
- 16) IR-II: > 30 min. warm-up, or until ambient equilibrium
- 17) These devices have a decreased sensitivity by a factor of 4, compared to the VIS and IR rows in the Required input fields, respectively
- 18) 2.8 for IR-I and IR-II
- 19) 100 kHz for special ranges on request